

BIDS WANTED ON MARINE BARRACKS

Another Step in Establishment
of Pearl Harbor Naval
Station.

BUILDINGS ALL CONCRETE

Captain Marx Receives Plans
and Specifications From
Washington.

Specifications for the barracks and quarters for the commanding officer and other officers at the Pearl Harbor naval station have been received from Washington. They show that all the buildings are to be of re-enforced concrete. The architects' plans contemplate structures of handsome appearance and quarters supplied with every comfort and convenience. The specifications are ready at the office of Captain Marx, for contractors, and contracts will be awarded this summer if the bids are within the appropriations, which aggregate \$185,000.

The bids being called for at once are for residence for the commander, three sets of officers' quarters, one barracks building large enough for over 600 men, and three sets of servants' quarters. The appropriations are \$135,000 for the barracks and \$50,000 for the quarters. It is expected that within a few years there will be more barracks and more officers' quarters, but the present plans contemplate going ahead with only one of the large buildings for men.

The barracks will be a building 260 feet in length, with a lanai along its entire front. The left and right wings will be 98-1/2 feet deep. All the structure will be concrete, insuring both stability and coolness.

On the ground floor in the left wing are to be the offices of the commander, officer of the day, adjutant, quartermaster, sergeant, clerks' offices, board room, etc., while the center of the ground floor will be a large mess room, capable of seating 350 men at a time. The serving room and kitchen are behind. They are to be fitted with the most modern kitchen appointments known to the best hotels. The right wing will contain guard room, cells, etc.

Upstairs two dormitories, one at each end, will provide room for sixty-eight men each, and the larger dormitory in the center will have beds for eighty-six. The general wash room has provision for thirty-six washbowls and there are twelve shower baths in the plans, besides the tubs. Sixteen rooms for noncommissioned officers are also on this floor.

The third floor will contain the same number of beds as the second. In addition it will have the "sick bay," surgeons' room, operating room, dispensary, hospital steward's room, etc.

In the eight-foot basement there will be a bowling alley, shooting gallery, quartermaster's storerooms, carpenter shop, printshop.

The complete plans for laying out the station provide for three of these big buildings, and it is thought that a few years will see at least three of them on the reservation. They will face on a parade ground three-fifths of a mile long by one-third of a mile wide.

The commanding officers' quarters buildings are to be two-story structures. Like the barracks, they are of attractive design and will be re-enforced concrete. They have large living rooms and dining rooms, on the lower floor. The bedrooms in the officers' quarters average 14x16 feet in size. The buildings are to be thoroughly up to date in kitchen arrangements, baths, etc.

Though designed by Washington architects they appear well suited to this climate, and should make attractive homes for those who are to serve at the new naval station. The size of the lot for each house is 14x17-1/2. The servants' quarters are also of very superior design, and will be concrete.

The plans and specifications are all in the hands of Captain Marx, at the marine barracks, naval station. Bids are to be opened in Washington on August 25, and it is expected that contracts will be awarded immediately after, providing that bids are within the appropriations.

Captain Marx, who is constructing the quarters, will inspect and superintend the work. In the specifications, the attention of intending bidders is called to the fact that the work must be done under the provisions of the federal eight-hour law. Nothing is said as to the kind of labor to be employed.

BOY FALLS FROM TREE AND RECEIVES FATAL INJURIES

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)
His desire to see a baseball game free of charge yesterday caused the death of little Manuel Louis, a pupil of Kaimuki School. The youngster died at the Queen's Hospital yesterday afternoon after being conveyed there with a fractured skull.

Young Louis climbed up an ohia tree near the fence at the Boys' Field where a game was about to commence, together with a number of other boys. According to the little that the police were able to learn concerning the accident, he lost his balance and fell to the ground, landing on his head.

The nature of the wound is such that he must have fallen directly on the top of his head, and on some hard substance, for he lived but a few hours after the patrol took him to the hospital for treatment.

MONUMENTS TO FOREIGN HEROES

Polish Leaders Who Fought in
the Revolutionary Army
Against British.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Two monuments to the memory and deeds of Pulaski and Kosciuszko, the Polish heroes, both of whom fought and one of whom died in the war of the Revolution, were dedicated here today. The time of the dedications was so arranged that President Taft could attend each.

While the President made the principal address at the unveiling of the monument to Pulaski, which stands in the triangle at Thirteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue, Secretary of War Dickinson was making the principal address at the Kosciuszko statue in Lafayette Park opposite the White House, and J. F. Smalinski, of the Polish National Alliance, made an address in Polish.

The monument to Pulaski was erected by an act of congress, but the statue to Kosciuszko is a gift to the nation from the Polish National Alliance and other organizations of Poles who have made their homes in the free republic for which their distinguished countrymen fought. There was a double significance to the unveiling of the monument to Kosciuszko, for it marked the opening here tomorrow of the First Polish National Congress to attend which thousands of Poles from all over the United States have come.

Polish National Life.
The purpose of the congress is to discuss in all its phases the condition of the Polish nation, to acquire familiarity with the needs of the Polish national life and find ways and means of fulfilling them.

The ceremonies which preceded the dedication of the statues were long-planned and very elaborate. A military parade in which all the regular troops stationed at Fort Myer as well as the National Guard of the District of Columbia marched, was one of the features. Brigadier-General Tasker H. Bliss, U. S. A., was in command.

In the heart of the baser section of the city the monument to Pulaski stands fourteen feet from the sidewalk in a triangular green. In the saddle of a charger is mounted the figure of the hero in the Polish Hussar uniform in which he won command of a brigade of Washington's cavalry for his gallant conduct at the Brandywine. Pulaski always wore the uniform of his beloved fatherland, and it clothed his breast through three years of valiant fighting on American soil until he fell at the siege of Savannah in 1779 and died on the United States brig of war Wasp in the harbor two days later.

The sculptor, Chodzinski, gathered material for his work in Paris, Berlin and parts of Poland and secured from the descendants of Pulaski a life-size painting of the hero mounted on a horse, done by Pulaski's sister.

Career of Soldier.

Kosciuszko is represented in the figure as the hero of two hemispheres, as his countrymen love to refer to him. A map of the United States, with the American eagle guarding, is on the front of the pedestal. On the other side is the outline of Europe and Asia attacked by the snake of despotism with the Polish eagle fighting in defense. A Polish soldier wounded and falling, is being defended by a Polish farmer with a scythe. Opposite, an American soldier is cutting the shackles of an American farmer which bind him to the foreign yoke. Mounted on the pedestal is the statue of Kosciuszko, a map of West Point in one hand, the other on his sword.

The valiant deeds of the man who fought consistently for liberty in an old world and a new, so consistently that he refused to lend himself to the plans of Napoleon for the restoration of Poland, are recalled by the inscription on the monument.

Driven to this country by an unhappy love affair, he saw the new republic established and did not return to his native Poland until 1796. Kosciuszko with 4000 men held Dubienka against 15,000 Russians in a famous battle. After the second partition of Poland in 1794 he put himself at the head of a national movement and was proclaimed dictator and commander-in-chief. Covered with wounds he fell into the hands of his enemies and was restored to liberty by the Emperor Paul two years later.

Alexander in 1814, refused to grant an amnesty to Poles in foreign lands and to make Kosciuszko constitutional King of Poland, and for the remainder of his life he lay aside his sword and lived the peaceful life of a farmer in France until he was killed when his horse plunged over a precipice. The Emperor Alexander later moved his body to Craacow and had it laid beside John Schieski.

SCHOONERS LYING IN WAIT

JUNEAU, Alaska, May 11.—Six Japanese sealing schooners are lying in wait just off Sitka to intercept the seal herds as they pass north to the breeding grounds. In the crews of sealers have been recognized many Japanese who have served terms of imprisonment in Alaska for violation of the laws regulating pelagic sealing.

TAFT LEADS UNITARIANS.

BOSTON, May 24.—President Taft has been elected president of the Unitarian Laymen.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded.—Made by PARIS MEDICINE CO., Saint Louis, U. S. A.

MAUI GIVES BIG YACHT RACE AN ENTHUSIASTIC BOOST

The Island Sends Over Five Hundred Dollars for
Expenses of the Territory's
Boat.

Maui has come to the front in a way that practically assures the trans-Pacific yacht race. Chairman Vetlesen of the committee which is soliciting funds to finance the undertaking received a check yesterday from Frank Baldwin for \$516, which represents contributions from about seventy-five Mauiites ranging from \$1 to \$200. In response to the island of sports for its hearty support Mr. Vetlesen said that he felt sure that they would come to the front as they always had before to promote everything in the way of clean and healthful sports, and his faith in the people of that island had only been strengthened by this last showing.

Along with the check which Frank Baldwin remitted came the list of the contributors and this represented a lot of work, for Mr. Baldwin or his lieutenant must have covered the ground pretty thoroughly as the names indicated that no particular class of persons had been alighted.

The members of the local committee have not yet canvassed their territory, but they hope to get at it shortly if the other islands don't make up the deficiency. Hawaii and Kauai have yet to be heard from and if they do as well as Maui the yacht race will look like the "other islands" affair.

Some voluntary contributions are coming in locally, however, Mr. Vetlesen said that an early citizen of Honolulu of moderate means dropped in to his office yesterday and handed him a ten spot as representing his public spirit in the matter. He told Mr. Vetlesen that he was not particularly interested in yachting but he wanted to see the race come off and he hoped the Hawaii would win.

PRIZEFIGHTERS WIN IN FRISCO

Supervisors' Decision Favors Permit for Fight in Spite of
Protests.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 25.—The police committee of the board of supervisors has decided in favor of granting a permit for the Johnson-Jeffries prize fight here, notwithstanding the State law which was expected to put a stop to such exhibitions. The supervisors acting on this recommendation, are expected to issue a permit.

Numerous protests made by local ministers were unavailing. It is now probable that the fight will be brought off here on July 4, according to program.

ATLANTIC CITY, May 25.—The Presbyterian General Assembly has addressed a protest to Governor Gillett of California, against the Jeffries-Johnson prizefight, scheduled to take place in San Francisco July 4. The assembly calls upon Governor Gillett to use his powers to prevent the fight.

ESCAPED PRISONER GIVES HIMSELF UP

Louis Martini Picks Out Police
Officer and Makes a Date
With Him.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

By special appointment, Louis Martini, who escaped from the county chain gang several days ago, yesterday gave himself up to the police.

This accommodating course of procedure is as unique in police annals locally as it was welcome to the police themselves who are even now being worked overtime hunting the two escaped criminals who have not been so obliging.

Ever since Martini escaped, Special Officer Minvielle has been working steadily on the case. He has not only known Martini for some time but also knows the woman he had been living with since she was a girl. Martini was finally captured through the woman, but not until he had agreed to be captured at a certain day and hour.

Yesterday the woman reported to Minvielle that she had seen Martini in Palama and that he had made signs for her to go and get him something to eat. Accordingly the officer gave her fifty cents and told her to bring the desired grab and mark the place.

When the woman returned she said that Martini had told her to tell Minvielle to meet him at a certain place at a certain time in the evening and he would give himself up.

Minvielle went down to Desha lane, the place agreed upon, at seven o'clock last night and the man presented himself as he said he would and was soon behind the bars. He told the officer that he merely wanted to get out to see the woman. At the second meeting with the woman, Martini had told her that he would give himself up to Minvielle and to no other which makes that officer a desirable one to have on the force. If Grace had such an affection for him Chief McDuffie would be very much relieved.

QUINN DENIES POLITICAL REPORT

(From Wednesday Advertiser.)

"The statement in the Bulletin about my candidacy for the job of John Wilson is absolutely without foundation," said Supervisor Jim Quinn yesterday. "A Bulletin reporter came to me when I was in a committee meeting and asked me if it was so. I told him emphatically that it wasn't and told him not to print anything of the sort. Mr. Wilson and I have had a little pillika but we are getting along all right now. It is bad enough to be a supervisor without being a road supervisor."

QUEEN SEES TEDDY.

LONDON, May 24.—Queen Dowager Alexandra today received Colonel Roosevelt.

TWO VERY HARD NUTS TO CRACK

Merchants' Association Special
Meeting to Be Called
Next Week.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

A special meeting of the merchants' association is being called for next Tuesday, to take up the matter of applying interstate commerce regulations to the interisland transportation business here, and the subject of selling at cost in plantation stores. Both these propositions have been a good deal discussed among the directors and other members during the past couple of weeks, and it has been finally decided to call a meeting of all the members.

The interisland steamship rate business is a subject of considerable difference of opinion. Since Delegate Kuhn, through his secretary, asked the business men of Honolulu to advise him what attitude they took in the matter, there have been many private discussions. During the past week a strong movement developed in favor of asking Kuhn to support the bill which would apply interstate regulations here. But there was also strong opposition. Hence a decision to call a general meeting.

The plantation store business is also an occasion of much disagreement. Resolutions are being prepared protesting against the action of plantations which have adopted the plan of selling goods to laborers at cost. It is claimed that this plan will put a lot of small private stores out of business. Some merchants think that the result will be a loss of business to them here.

The order to sell at cost was made as a concession to the Russians, who claimed that they were being overcharged for the necessities of life. It is said that there is a considerable element in the merchants' association which would like to see the plantations go out of the store business altogether.

Both the propositions which are to be discussed in the meeting next week have been informally discussed by the directors. But they couldn't decide them, and will pass them up to the members.

Another matter that will come up will be the adoption of suitable resolutions referring to the death of W. W. Hall, long a leading member of the association.

HONOLULU GAINED 3094 POPULATION

According to calculations based upon the Polk-Husted directory for 1910, which was issued yesterday, the population of the City and County of Honolulu is 70,597. There is an increase of 952 names in the Honolulu and Oahu part of the directory, which, on the accepted basis of calculation, indicates an increase of 3094 in population during the past year.

The calculations are based on an estimation that the total population is 3 1/4 times the number of names in the directory. The names of married women, children and oriental laborers are not in the directory, and the multiple of 3 1/4 gives an estimated total including them.

MALAY PENINSULA IS NOW BRITISH

SINGAPORE.—The treaty with Tring-annu has been signed by the governor of the Straits Settlements, Sir John Anderson, and the Sultan in the presence of the executive council. Among the provisions included in the treaty are the acceptance by the Sultan of a British resident, regulations with respect to the alienation of land, both mining and agricultural, and the mutual surrender of certain fugitives from justice. British protection is clearly defined, so that the Malay peninsula is now entirely protected, and the coast line from the Persian Gulf to the Gulf of Siam is under British jurisdiction.

KEEP IT HANDY.

Immediate relief is necessary in attacks of diarrhoea, Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy should always be on hand. Get a bottle and be prepared for sudden attacks. It never fails to give relief. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

\$1000 TOWARD MOLOKAI HOME

Generous Unknown Starts Ball
Rolling to Secure Funds for
Needed Building.

Some one who prefers to hide his generosity behind an incognito has started the ball rolling for the home so badly needed by the sick Hawaiians on Molokai. He has notified President Mott-Smith that he—or it may be she—is willing to contribute the sum of \$1000 toward the home.

One thousand dollars from one source is a good start, but a total of from \$10,000 to \$20,000 is needed, and Mr. Mott-Smith will be more than pleased to receive further contributions.

The home for the white people in the settlement was erected through the generosity of the merchants and other white people of Honolulu and other places in Hawaii, and it has been suggested that, in view of the fact that the building now so badly needed is to be used for the Hawaiian sick, the Hawaiian societies and individuals of the Territory could not do more toward erecting a fine memorial for themselves than by starting a subscription list and contributing generously toward the building of the home.

Mr. Mott-Smith says that money expended on Molokai for a new home for the Hawaiian sick will go much farther than the same amount of money would in Honolulu, for the reason that there are in the settlement carpenters, plumbers and other mechanics who can do practically all of the work. As an illustration of this, he says that Superintendent Jack McVeigh made the statement that with the \$2100 appropriation for a new cottage at the Bishop Home he can put up a building as large and as well equipped as the cottages at the Kalia Hospital, the contract price of which was \$4000 each.

A start has now been made toward getting the money needed to put up the new building, and Mr. Mott-Smith is in hope that the balance will come in rapidly.

During his recent trip to the settlement Mr. Mott-Smith looked into the matter of tree-planting in the three valleys of the peninsula, and has since his return made arrangements with Forester Hosmer to ship to the settlement a large number of trees, chiefly eucalyptus and ironwood. He hopes to be able to interest the inmates of the settlement in tree-planting.

MAY PROVE FATAL

When Will Honolulu People Learn the
Importance of It?

Backache is only a simple thing at first; but when you know 'tis from the kidneys.

That serious kidney troubles follow; that diabetes, Bright's disease may be the fatal end.

You will gladly profit by the following experience.

"The honest statement of a sufferer who was cured."

S. D. Goodale, 196 Brattle St., Athol, Mass., says: "Doan's Backache Kidney Pills acted just as represented in my case. For six years I was subject to attacks of backache, so severe at times that I can only describe my condition as miserable. When I straightened after stooping, sharp twinges darted across the small of my back and I firmly believed my trouble to be lumbar. When I was suffering from an unusually severe attack, a neighbor advised me to give Doan's Backache Kidney Pills a trial, which I did. This remedy acted like magic and after I had taken the contents of one box I was entirely cured. Over two years have passed since that time and I have had no further trouble from my back or kidneys. I think so highly of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills that I cannot find words strong enough to express my opinion of them."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box (six boxes \$2.50) or by mail on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, whole sale agents for the Hawaiian Islands. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

RUSSIA SEEKS CORDIAL RELATIONS WITH PAPERS

ST. PETERSBURG, Saturday, April 16.—With the idea of cultivating closer and more frank relations with the correspondents of foreign newspapers and news agencies stationed in St. Petersburg, the Russian government has recently organized a press bureau as a department of the foreign office and placed in charge thereof George Neldoff, son of the Russian ambassador at Paris. Mr. Neldoff was secured because of his broad knowledge of affairs, his having been in the Russian diplomatic service and also having traveled in America and Europe as a correspondent for Russian newspapers.

DEATH IN CHANNEL.

COWES, Isle of Wight, England, May 24.—Twenty-two persons have perished as the result of the collision of a bark and a steamship in the channel.

BRITISH STEAMER LANDING MEN IN NICARAGUA

BLUEFIELDS, May 24.—The government forces are now attacking the troops of the provisional government, which are entrenched strongly. The Venus is landing men. The steamer Venus flies the British flag, and is said to have a cargo consigned to the agents of the Madriz government, including contraband of war. Appeals have been made to the United States to seize her, on the ground that she was violating the laws of neutrality.

DRYDOCK AT MANILA IS SUNK

The Great American Dock Made
Helpless by Being
Flooded.

VALVES TAMPERED WITH

Navy Department Investigating
Injury to Big Floating
Drydock.

(Special Cable to The Advertiser.)
MANILA, May 24.—By an unexplained opening of the valves of the great drydock Dewey, the famous floating drydock was sunk today. The drydock went down in seventy feet of water. For a time fears were entertained for those on board.

A naval investigation has been begun into the causes of the sinking of the great drydock. Divers are being employed to find out what caused the great inflow of water.

According to the investigations so far made, it appears that there was a deliberate tampering with the valves with the intention of causing the drydock to sink. The dock is temporarily useless. But work has already been begun on raising her, and no time will be lost in putting her in commission again. In the meantime, her loss is severely felt by the American navy, which has been relying upon Manila as a supply station and repair station.

(By Associated Press.)

MANILA, May 25.—The great drydock Dewey has been sunk. It is believed by those in authority here that her valves were tampered with. An attempt to raise her will be made immediately.

HUNDRED FILIPINOS ON THEIR WAY HERE

(Special Cable to The Advertiser.)
MANILA, May 24.—One hundred laborers bound for Hawaii sailed from here today. They had been recruited by agents of the Hawaii planters, and left anticipating opportunities for work which would lift them into better jobs than they have here.

WILL TRY TO FLY FROM ALBANY TO NEW YORK

NEW YORK, May 25.—Curtiss, the aeronaut, will attempt to make a flight by aeroplane from Albany to New York tomorrow.

CHANG-SHA RIOTING IS NOT OVER YET

CHANG-SHA, May 25.—Rioting continues and several villages have been destroyed. The Lutheran church here was destroyed by rioters.

STEEL TRUST MAN DEAD.

NEW YORK, May 25.—Charles Dickinson, founder and former president of the Carnegie trust, is dead. He was a millionaire author and scientist. His death was due to his inhaling gases following an explosion in his laboratory.

SUNDAY SCHOOL MEET.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—It was decided today to hold the next world's Sunday school meeting in 1913, in Geneva.

SUGAR INQUIRY.

NEW YORK, May 25.—President Thomas of the American Sugar Company has been subpoenaed as a witness in the sugar trust investigation.

GREAT CHINESE LOAN.

PARIS, May 24.—An agreement between the powers has been signed to loan China thirty millions of dollars for her railroad project.

TAFT GETS HIS BILL.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—The \$250,000 amendment to the sundry civil bill to enable the President to obtain tariff facts has been adopted by the house on a party vote.

BIG GRAFT IN ALASKA.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—The subcommittee of the senate judiciary committee is engaged in an investigation of charges that the governor and other Alaskan officials are allied with the Guggenheims.